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This is an amendment to 20.6.4 NMAC, Section 900, effective 05/22/2025.

20.6.4.900 CRITERIA APPLICABLE TO EXISTING, DESIGNATED OR ATTAINABLE USES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN 20.6.4.97 THROUGH 20.6.4.899 NMAC:

- A. Fish culture and water supply: Fish culture, public water supply and industrial water supply are designated uses in particular classified waters of the state where these uses are actually being realized. However, no numeric criteria apply uniquely to these uses. Water quality adequate for these uses is ensured by the general criteria and numeric criteria for bacterial quality, pH and temperature.
- **B. Domestic water supply:** Surface waters of the state designated for use as domestic water supplies shall not contain substances in concentrations that create a lifetime cancer risk of more than one cancer per 100,000 exposed persons. Those criteria listed under domestic water supply in Subsection J of this section apply to this use.
- C. Irrigation and irrigation storage: the following numeric criteria and those criteria listed under irrigation in Subsection J of this section apply to this use:
 - (1) dissolved selenium

0.13 mg/L

- (2) dissolved selenium in presence of >500 mg/L SO₄ 0.25 mg/L.
- **D. Primary contact:** The monthly geometric mean of E. coli bacteria of 126 cfu/100 mL or MPN/100 ml, a single sample of E. coli bacteria of 410 cfu/100 mL or MPN/100 mL, a single sample of total microcystins of 8 μ g/L with no more than three exceedances within a 12-month period and a single sample of cylindrospermopsin of 15 μ g/L with no more than three exceedances within a 12-month period, and pH within the range of 6.6 to 9.0 apply to this use. The results for *E. coli* may be reported as either colony forming units (CFU) or the most probable number (MPN) depending on the analytical method used.
- **E. Secondary contact:** The monthly geometric mean of E. coli bacteria of 548 cfu/100 mL or MPN/100 mL and single sample of 2507 cfu/100 mL or MPN/100 mL apply to this use. The results for *E. coli* may be reported as either colony forming units (CFU) or the most probable number (MPN), depending on the analytical method used.
- **F. Livestock watering:** the criteria listed in Subsection J of this section for livestock watering apply to this use.
- **G.** Wildlife habitat: Wildlife habitat shall be free from any substances at concentrations that are toxic to or will adversely affect plants and animals that use these environments for feeding, drinking, habitat or propagation; can bioaccumulate; or might impair the community of animals in a watershed or the ecological integrity of surface waters of the state. The numeric criteria listed in Subsection J for wildlife habitat apply to this use.
- **H.** Aquatic life: Surface waters of the state with a designated, existing or attainable use of aquatic life shall be free from any substances at concentrations that can impair the community of plants and animals in or the ecological integrity of surface waters of the state. Except as provided in Paragraph (7) of this subsection, the acute and chronic aquatic life criteria set out in Subsections I, J, K and L of this section and the human healthorganism only criteria set out in Subsection J of this section are applicable to all aquatic life use subcategories. In addition, the specific criteria for aquatic life subcategories in the following paragraphs apply to waters classified under the respective designations.
- (68°F), maximum temperature 23°C (73°F), pH within the range of 6.6 to 8.8 and specific conductance a segment-specific limit between 300 μ S/cm and 1,500 μ S/cm depending on the natural background in the particular surface water of the state (the intent of this criterion is to prevent excessive increases in dissolved solids which would result in changes in community structure). Where a single segment-specific temperature criterion is indicated in 20.6.4.101-899 NMAC, it is the maximum temperature and no 4T3 temperature applies.
- (2) Coldwater: dissolved oxygen 6.0 mg/L or more, 6T3 temperature 20°C (68°F), maximum temperature 24°C (75°F) and pH within the range of 6.6 to 8.8. Where a single segment-specific temperature criterion is indicated in 20.6.4.101-899 NMAC, it is the maximum temperature and no 6T3 temperature applies.
- (3) Marginal coldwater: dissolved oxygen 6 mg/L or more, 6T3 temperature 25°C (77°F), maximum temperature 29°C (84°F) and pH within the range from 6.6 to 9.0. Where a single segment-specific temperature criterion is indicated in 20.6.4.101-899 NMAC, it is the maximum temperature and no 6T3 temperature applies.

- (4) Coolwater: dissolved oxygen 5.0 mg/L or more, maximum temperature 29°C (84°F) and pH within the range of 6.6 to 9.0.
- (5) Warmwater: dissolved oxygen 5 mg/L or more, maximum temperature 32.2°C (90°F) and pH within the range of 6.6 to 9.0. Where a segment-specific temperature criterion is indicated in 20.6.4.101-899 NMAC, it is the maximum temperature.
- (6) Marginal warmwater: dissolved oxygen 5 mg/L or more, pH within the range of 6.6 to 9.0 and temperatures that may routinely exceed 32.2°C (90°F). Where a segment-specific temperature criterion is indicated in 20.6.4.101-899 NMAC, it is the maximum temperature.
- (7) Limited aquatic life: The acute aquatic life criteria of Subsections I and J of this section apply to this subcategory. Chronic aquatic life criteria do not apply unless adopted on a segment-specific basis. Human health-organism only criteria apply only for persistent toxic pollutants unless adopted on a segment-specific basis.
- I. Hardness-dependent acute and chronic aquatic life criteria for metals are calculated using the following equations, excluding aquatic life criteria for copper (Cu) for the Pajarito plateau surface waters in the Rio Grande basin as described in Paragraph (4) of Subsection I of 20.6.4.900 NMAC. The criteria are expressed as a function of hardness (as mg CaCO₃/L). With the exception of aluminum, the equations are valid only for hardness concentrations of 0-400 mg/L. For hardness concentrations above 400 mg/L, the criteria for 400 mg/L apply. For aluminum the equations are valid only for hardness concentrations of 0-220 mg/L. For hardness concentrations above 220 mg/L, the aluminum criteria for 220 mg/L apply. Calculated criteria must adhere to the treatment of significant figures and rounding identified in Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater, latest edition, American public health association.
- (1) Acute aquatic life criteria for metals: The equation to calculate acute criteria in μ g/L is $\exp(m_A[\ln(\text{hardness})] + b_A)(CF)$. Except for aluminum, the criteria are based on analysis of dissolved metal. For aluminum, the criteria are based on analysis of total recoverable aluminum in a sample that has a pH between 6.5 and 9.0 and is filtered to minimize mineral phases as specified by the department. The equation parameters are as follows:

Metal	m_A	b _A	Conversion factor (CF)
Aluminum (Al)	1.3695	1.8308	
Cadmium (Cd)	0.9789	-3.866	1.136672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]
Chromium (Cr) III	0.8190	3.7256	0.316
Copper (Cu)	0.9422	-1.700	0.960
Lead (Pb)	1.273	-1.460	1.46203-[(ln hardness)(0.145712)]
Manganese (Mn)	0.3331	6.4676	
Nickel (Ni)	0.8460	2.255	0.998
Silver (Ag)	1.72	-6.59	0.85
Zinc (Zn)	0.9094	0.9095	0.978

(2) Chronic aquatic life criteria for metals: The equation to calculate chronic criteria in μg/L is exp(m_C[ln(hardness)] + b_C)(CF). Except for aluminum, the criteria are based on analysis of dissolved metal. For aluminum, the criteria are based on analysis of total recoverable aluminum in a sample that has a pH between 6.5 and 9.0 and is filtered to minimize mineral phases as specified by the department. The equation parameters are as follows:

Metal	m _C	b _C	Conversion factor (CF)
Aluminum (Al)	1.3695	0.9161	
Cadmium (Cd)	0.7977	-3.909	1.101672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]
Chromium (Cr) III	0.8190	0.6848	0.860
Copper (Cu)	0.8545	-1.702	0.960
Lead (Pb)	1.273	-4.705	1.46203-[(ln hardness)(0.145712)]
Manganese (Mn)	0.3331	5.8743	
Nickel (Ni)	0.8460	0.0584	0.997
Zinc (Zn)	0.9094	0.6235	0.986

(3) Selected values of calculated acute and chronic criteria (µg/L).

Hardness as										
CaCO ₃ , dissolved										
(mg/L)		Al	Cd	Cr III	Cu	Pb	Mn	Ni	Ag	Zn
	Acute	512	0.490	183	3.64	13.9	1,880	145	0.30	45.4
25.0	Chronic	205	0.253	23.8	2.74	0.541	1,040	16.1		34.4
30.0	Acute	658	0.581	212	4.32	17.0	2,000	169	0.40	53.5
30.0	Chronic	263	0.290	27.6	3.20	0.664	1,100	18.8		40.5
40.0	Acute	975	0.761	269	5.67	23.5	2,200	216	0.66	69.5
40.0	Chronic	391	0.360	35.0	4.09	0.916	1,220	24.0		52.7
50.0	Acute	1,320	0.938	323	6.99	30.1	2,370	260	0.98	85.2
30.0	Chronic	530	0.426	42.0	4.95	1.17	1,310	28.9		64.5
	Acute	1,700	1.11	375	8.30	36.9	2,520	304	1.3	100
60.0										
	Chronic	681	0.489	48.8	5.79	1.44	1,390	33.8		76.2
70.0	Acute	2,100	1.28	425	9.60	43.7	2,650	346	1.7	116
70.0	Chronic	841	0.549	55.3	6.60	1.70	1,460	38.5		87.6
80.0	Acute	2,520	1.46	474	10.9	50.6	2,770	388	2.2	131
80.0	Chronic	1,010	0.607	61.7	7.40	1.97	1,530	43.0		98.9
00.0	Acute	2,960	1.62	523	12.2	57.6	2,880	428	2.7	145
90.0	Chronic	1,190	0.664	68.0	8.18	2.24	1,590	47.6		110
100	Acute	3,420	1.79	570	13.4	64.6	2,980	468	3.2	160
100	Chronic	1,370	0.718	74.1	8.96	2.52	1,650	52.0		121
200	Acute	8,840	3.43	1,000	25.8	136	3,760	842	10	300
200	Chronic	3,540	1.21	131	16.2	5.30	2,080	93.5		228
220	Acute	10,100	3.74	1,090	28.2	151	3,880	912	12	328
	Chronic	4,030	1.30	141	17.6	5.87	2,140	101		248
		_		_						
300	Acute		5.00	1,400	37.8	208	4,300	1,190	21	434
	Chronic		1.64	182	22.9	8.13	2,380	132		329
400 and	Acute		6.54	1,770	49.6	281	4,740	1,510	35	564
above	Chronic		2.03	231	29.3	10.9	2,620	168		428

(4) Copper criteria for Pajarito plateau surface waters: Pajarito plateau surface waters extend from Guaje canyon in the north to the Rito de los Frijoles watershed in the south, from their headwaters to their confluence with the Rio Grande and all tributaries and streams thereto. The equations used to calculate copper criteria, for purposes of this Part, use dissolved organic carbon (DOC) in units of milligrams carbon per liter (mg C/L); and hardness in units of mg/L as CaCO₃. In waters that contain DOC concentrations greater than 29.7 mg/L, a value of 29.7 mg/L shall be used in the following equations. In waters that contain hardness concentrations greater than 207 mg/L, a value of 207 mg/L shall be used in the following equations.

(a) Acute aquatic life criteria: The equation to calculate acute criteria in μ g/L is $exp(-22.914+1.017\times ln(DOC)+0.045\times ln(hardness)+5.176\times pH-0.261\times pH^2)$.

(b) Chronic aquatic life criteria: The equation to calculate chronic criteria in μ g/L is exp(-23.391+1.017×ln(DOC)+0.045×ln(hardness)+5.176×pH-0.261×pH²).

J. Use-specific numeric criteria.

(1) **Table of numeric criteria:** The following table sets forth the numeric criteria applicable to existing, designated and attainable uses. For metals, criteria represent the total sample fraction unless otherwise

specified in the table. Additional criteria that are not compatible with this table are found in Subsections A through I and K [and L] through M of [this section] $\underline{20.6.4.900 \text{ NMAC}}$.

	G A G		T /T				Aquatic l	Life	
Pollutant	CAS Number	DWS	Irr/Irr storage	LW	WH	Acute	Chronic	НН-ОО	Type
Aluminum, dissolved	7429-90-5		5,000			750 i	87 i		
Aluminum, total									
recoverable	7429-90-5					a	a		
Antimony, dissolved	7440-36-0	6						640	P
Arsenic, dissolved	7440-38-2	10	100	200		340	150	9.0	C,P
		7,000,000							
Asbestos	1332-21-4	fibers/L							
Barium, dissolved	7440-39-3	2,000							
Beryllium, dissolved	7440-41-7	4							
Boron, dissolved	7440-42-8		750	5,000					
Cadmium, dissolved	7440-43-9	5	10	50		a	a		
Chloride	1688-70-06					860,000	230,000		
Chlorine residual	7782-50-5				11	19	11		
Chromium III, dissolved						a	a		
Chromium VI, dissolved						16	11		
Chromium, dissolved	7440-47-3	100	100	1,000					
Cobalt, dissolved	7440-48-4	100	50	1.000					
Copper, dissolved	7440-50-8	1300	200	500		a	a	1	
Cyanide, total	7440 30 0	1300	200	500		a	a		
recoverable	57-12-5	200			5.2	22.0	5.2	400	
Iron	7439-89-6	200			3.2	22.0	1,000	100	
Lead, dissolved	7439-92-1	15	5,000	100		a	a		
Manganese, dissolved	7439-96-5	13	3,000	100		a	a	+	
Mercury	7439-90-5	2		10	0.77	a	a		
Mercury, dissolved	7439-97-6	2		10	0.77	1.4	0.77		
						1.7	0.77	0.3 mg/kg in fish	
Methylmercury	22967-92-6							tissue	P
Molybdenum, dissolved	7439-98-7		1,000						
Molybdenum, total	5.42 0.00. 5					5 000	1 00 5		
recoverable	7439-98-7	5 00				7,920	1,895	4.600	D
Nickel, dissolved	7440-02-0	700				a	a	4,600	P
Nitrate as N		10 mg/L		122					
NT'. '. I NT'.				132					
Nitrite + Nitrate	7702 40 2	50	1	mg/L				4.200	P
Selenium, dissolved	7782-49-2	50	b	50				4,200	ľ
Selenium, total	7702 40 2				5.0	20.0	5.0		
recoverable	7782-49-2				5.0		5.0		
Silver, dissolved	7440-22-4				1	a		0.47	D
Thallium, dissolved	7440-28-0	2						0.47	P
Uranium, dissolved	7440-61-1	30	100	100					
Vanadium, dissolved	7440-62-2		100	100					
Zinc, dissolved	7440-66-6	10,500	2,000	25,000 15		a	a	26,000	P
Adjusted gross alpha		15 pCi/L		pCi/L					
Radium 226 + Radium				30.0					
228		5 pCi/L		pCi/L					
Strontium 90		8 pCi/L							

	CAS		Irr/Irr				Aquatic l	Life	
Pollutant	CAS Number	DWS	storage	LW	WH	Acute	Chronic	НН-ОО	Type
		20,000		20,000					
Tritium		pCi/L		pCi/L					
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	2,100						90	
Acrolein	107-02-8	18				3.0	3.0	400	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.65						70	C
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021				3.0		0.0000077	7C,P
Anthracene	120-12-7	10,500						400	
Benzene	71-43-2	5						160	C
Benzidine	92-87-5	0.0015						0.11	С
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.048						0.013	С
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.2						0.0013	C,P
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.048						0.013	C
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.048						0.13	С
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.056						0.0039	C
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.091						0.14	C
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.20				0.95		4.4	
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.30				0120		22	С
Bis(2-chloro-1-		0.50							
methylethyl) ether	108-60-1	1,400						4,000	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)	100 00 1	1,100						1,000	
phthalate	117-81-7	6						3.7	С
L	542-88-1							0.17	C
Bromoform	75-25-2	44						1,200	C
Butylbenzyl phthalate	85-68-7	7,000						1	C
Carbaryl	63-25-2	7,000				2.1	2.1	1	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	5				2.1	2.1	50	С
Chlordane	57-74-9	2				2.4	0.0043	0.0032	C,P
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	100				۷.٦	0.0043	800	C,1
Chlorodibromomethane	124-48-1	4.2					+	210	С
Chloroform	67-66-3	57			+			2,000	
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	37				0.083	0.041	2,000	
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	2,800				0.065	0.041	1,000	
*		175							
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.048			1			800	С
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.048					0.1	1.3	C
Demeton	8065-48-3					0.17	0.1		
Diazinon	333-41-5					0.17	0.17		
2,4-									
Dichlorophenoxyacetic	04.75.7							12 000	
	94-75-7							12,000	
Dichlorodiphenyldichlor	72-54-8							0.0012	C
oethane (DDD)	12-34-8							0.0012	С
Dichlorodiphenyldichlor	72.55.0							0.00010	
oethylene (DDE)	72-55-9				+			0.00018	С
Dichlorodiphenyltrichlor							1	0.0002	C D
oethane (DDT)	50-29-3	1.0			0.001	1 1	0.001	0.0003	C,P
4,4'-DDT and derivatives		1.0			0.001	1.1	0.001	0.0012	G
	53-70-3	0.048		1	1			0.0013	С
Dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	3,500			\perp		1	30	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	600						3,000	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	469						10	

	CAS	DWS	T/T				Aquatic l	Life	
Pollutant	CAS Number	DWS	Irr/Irr storage	LW	WH	Acute	Chronic	НН-ОО	Type
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	75						900	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	0.78						1.5	С
Dichlorobromomethane	75-27-4	5.6						270	С
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	5						6,500	С
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	7						20,000	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	105						60	
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	5.0						310	С
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	3.5						120	С
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.022				0.24	0.056	0.000012	C,P
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	28,000						600	
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	350,000						2,000	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	700						3,000	
Dinitrophenols	25550-58-7							1,000	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	70						300	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	1.1						17	С
Dioxin	1746-01-6	3.0E-05						5.1E-08	C,P
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.44						2.0	C
alpha-Endosulfan	959-98-8	62				0.22	0.056	30	†
beta-Endosulfan	33213-65-9	62				0.22	0.056	40	1
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	62				0.22	0.050	40	
Endrin	72-20-8	2				0.086	0.036	0.03	
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	10.5				0.000	0.030	1	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	700						130	1
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1,400						20	1
Fluorene	86-73-7	1,400						70	+
Guthion	86-50-0	1,400					0.01	70	+
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.40				0.52	0.0038	0.000059	С
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.40				0.52	0.0038	0.00032	C
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1				0.32	0.0036	0.00032	C,P
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	4.5						0.00079	C
Hexachlorocyclohexane	87-08-3	4.5						0.1	C
(HCH)-Technical	608-73-1							0.1	С
Hexachlorocyclopen-	008-73-1							0.1	
tadiene	77-47-4	50						4	
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	25						1	С
Ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.048						0.013	C
Isophorone	78-59-1	368						18,000	C
Malathion	121-75-5	300					0.1	10,000	
Methoxychlor	72-43-5						0.03	0.02	+
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	49					0.03	10,000	+
3-Methyl-4-chlorophenol		77		-				2,000	+
2-Methyl-4,6-	J7-JU-/							2,000	+
dinitrophenol	534-52-1	14						30	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	5		-				10,000	С
Mirex	2385-85-5	J					0.001	10,000	
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	18					0.001	600	+
Nitrosamines	Various	10						12.4	С
Nitrosodibutylamine							+	2.2	C
	924-16-3			 					C
Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.0060					+	12.4	
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	02-73-9	0.0069						30	С

							Aquatic l	Life	
Pollutant	CAS Number	DWS	Irr/Irr storage	LW	WH	Acute	Chronic	НН-ОО	Type
N-Nitrosodi-n-									
propylamine	621-64-7	0.050						5.1	C
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	86-30-6	71						60	С
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2							340	С
Nonylphenol	84852-15-3					28	6.6		
Parathion	56-38-2					0.065	0.013		
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5							0.1	
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	1.0				19	15	0.4	С
Phenol	108-95-2	10,500						300,000	
Polychlorinated									
Biphenyls (PCBs)	1336-36-3	0.50			0.014	2	0.014	0.00064	C,P
Pyrene	129-00-0	1,050						30	
1,2,4,5-									
Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3							0.03	
1,1,2,2-									
Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	1.8						30	С
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	5						290	C,P
Toluene	108-88-3	1,000						520	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	3				0.73	0.0002	0.0071	C
1,2-Trans-									
dichloroethylene	156-60-5	100						4,000	
Tributyltin (TBT)	Various					0.46	0.072		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	70						0.76	С
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	200						200,000	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	5						89	С
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	5					_	70	С
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4							600	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	32						28	С
2-(2,4,5-									
Trichlorophenoxy)propio	,								
nic acid (Silvex)	93-72-1							400	
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	2						16	С

- (2) Notes applicable to the table of numeric criteria in Paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (a) Where the letter "a" is indicated in a cell, the criterion is [hardness] based on receiving water characteristics and can be referenced in Subsection I of 20.6.4.900 NMAC.
- **(b)** Where the letter "b" is indicated in a cell, the criterion can be referenced in Subsection C of 20.6.4.900 NMAC.
 - (c) Criteria are in μ g/L unless otherwise indicated.
- (d) Abbreviations are as follows: CAS chemical abstracts service (see definition for "CAS number" in 20.6.4.7 NMAC); DWS domestic water supply; Irr/Irr storage- irrigation and irrigation storage; LW livestock watering; WH wildlife habitat; HH-OO human health-organism only; C criteria based on cancer-causing endpoint; P persistent toxic pollutant.
- (e) The criteria are based on analysis of an unfiltered sample unless otherwise indicated. The acute and chronic aquatic life criteria for aluminum are based on analysis of total recoverable aluminum in a sample that is filtered to minimize mineral phases as specified by the department.
- (f) The criteria listed under human health-organism only (HH-OO) are intended to protect human health when aquatic organisms are consumed from waters containing pollutants. These criteria do not protect the aquatic life itself; rather, they protect the health of humans who ingest fish or other aquatic organisms.

- (g) The dioxin criteria apply to the sum of the dioxin toxicity equivalents expressed as 2.3.7.8-TCDD dioxin.
- (h) The criteria for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) apply to the sum of all congeners, to the sum of all homologs or to the sum of all aroclors.
- (i) The acute and chronic aquatic life criteria for dissolved aluminum only apply when the concurrent pH is less than 6.5 or greater than 9.0 S.U. If the concurrent pH is between 6.5 and 9.0 S.U. then the hardness-dependent total recoverable aluminum criteria in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of Subsection I of 20.6.4.900 NMAC apply.
- **K.** The criteria for total ammonia consider sensitive freshwater mussel species in the family Unionidae, freshwater non-pulmonate snails, and *Oncorhynchus* spp. (a genus of fish in the family Salmonidae), hence further protecting the aquatic community. The total ammonia criteria magnitude is measured as Total Ammonia Nitrogen (TAN) mg/L. TAN is the sum of NH_4^+ and NH_3 . TAN mg/L magnitude is derived as a function of pH and temperature (EPA 2013).
- L. The acute aquatic life criteria for TAN (mg/L) was derived by the EPA (2013) as the one-hour average concentration of TAN mg/L that shall not be exceeded more than once every three years on average. The EPA acute criterion magnitude was derived using the following equation:

Acute TAN Criterion Magnitude for 1-hour average=
$$\left(\frac{0.275}{1+10^{7.204-pH}} + \frac{39}{1+10^{pH-7.204}}\right),$$
MIN
$$\left(0.7249x\left(\frac{0.0114}{1+10^{7.204-pH}} + \frac{1.6181}{1+10^{pH-7.204}}\right)x\left(23.12 \times 10^{0.036(20-T)}\right)\right)$$

T (temperature C) and pH are defined as the paired values associated with the TAN sample.

(1) Temperature and pH-dependent values of the acute TAN criterion magnitude -when

Oncorhynchus spp. absent. Temperature (°C) 24 26 pН 0-10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 28 29 30 6.5 51 48 44 41 37 34 32 29 27 25 23 21 19 18 16 15 14 13 12 11 9.9 42 39 36 33 30 28 26 24 22 20 18 17 14 12 10 6.6 49 46 16 13 11 9.5 6.7 46 44 40 37 34 31 29 27 24 22 21 19 18 16 15 14 13 12 11 9.8 44 41 38 35 32 30 25 23 21 20 18 17 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.2 6.8 8.5 6.9 41 38 35 32 30 28 25 23 21 20 18 17 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.4 8.6 7.9 7.0 38 35 33 30 28 25 23 21 20 18 17 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.4 8.6 7.9 7.3 25 34 32 30 27 23 21 20 18 17 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.3 8.5 7.9 7.2 6.7 7.17.2 29 27 25 19 18 15 14 12 8.3 7.7 31 23 21 16 13 11 9.8 7.1 6.5 7.3 27 26 24 22 20 18 17 16 14 13 12 11 10 9.5 8.7 8 7.4 6.8 6.3 5.8 5.3 7.4 22 21 19 18 16 15 14 13 12 8.3 7.7 6.5 5.1 4.7 24 11 9.8 6 5.5 6.1 5.2 7.5 21 19 18 17 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.2 8.5 7.8 7.2 6.6 5.6 4.8 4.4 17 14 12 6.7 5.2 3.8 7.6 18 15 13 11 10 9.3 8.6 7.9 7.3 6.2 5.7 4.8 4.4 4.1 3.5 7.3 5.7 3.5 3.2 15 14 13 12 11 10 9.3 8.6 7.9 6.7 6.2 5.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 3.8 2.9 12 8.5 7.9 7.2 6.7 5.2 4.8 4.4 4 3.7 3.4 3.2 2.9 2.7 2.5 7.8 13 11 10 9.3 6.1 5.6 9.1 5.6 3.4 3.1 2.6 9.9 8.4 7.7 7.1 5.1 4.7 3.7 2.9 7.9 11 6.6 4.3 2.2 2.1 8.2 5 2.2 8.8 5.9 5.4 4.6 4.2 3.9 3.3 2.8 2.6 2.4 1.9 1.7 8.0 7.6 6.4 3.6 4.5 4.1 3.5 3.2 2.3 2.1 7.2 6.8 6.3 5.8 5.3 4.9 3.8 2.7 2.5 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.4 5.2 3.4 2.9 2.3 1.3 1.2 8.2 6 5.6 4.8 4.4 3.7 3.1 2.7 2.4 2.11.9 1.8 1.6 1.5 1.4 4.9 4.6 2.8 2.6 2.2 4.3 3.9 3.6 3.3 3.1 2.4 1.9 1.7 1.6 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.96 8.3 1.5 1.3 1.2 8.4 4.1 3.8 3.5 3.2 2.5 2.3 2.1 1.4 1.1 0.93 0.792.71.8 1.7 0.868.5 3.3 3.1 2.9 2.7 2.4 2.3 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.98 | 0.90.83 0.77 | 0.71 | 0.65 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 1.9 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.96 | 0.88 | 0.81 | 0.75 | 0.69 | 0.63 | 0.58 | 0.54 8.6 8.7 2.3 2.2 2 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 $0.94 \mid 0.87$ 0.8 0.74 | 0.68 | 0.62 | 0.57 | 0.53 0.49 0.45 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.93 0.86 0.79 0.73 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.57 | 0.52 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.41 | 0.37 0.93 | 0.85 | 0.79 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.56 | 0.52 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.4

9.0 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1 | 0.93 | 0.86 | 0.79 | 0.73 | 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.57 | 0.52 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.41 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.27

(2) Temperature and pH-dependent values for the acute TAN criterion magnitude-

when Oncorhynchus spp. are present.

wnen	n <i>Oncorhynchus</i> spp. are present.																
	Temperature (°C)																
pН	0-14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
6.5	33	33	32	29	27	25	23	21	19	18	16	15	14	13	12	11	9.9
6.6	31	31	30	28	26	24	22	20	18	17	16	14	13	12	11	10	9.5
6.7	30	30	29	27	24	22	21	19	18	16	15	14	13	12	11	9.8	9
6.8	28	28	27	25	23	21	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9.2	8.5
6.9	26	26	25	23	21	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9.4	8.6	7.9
7.0	24	24	23	21	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9.4	8.6	8	7.3
7.1	22	22	21	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.2	6.7
7.2	20	20	19	18	16	15	14	13	12	11	9.8	9.1	8.3	7.7	7.1	6.5	6
7.3	18	18	17	16	14	13	12	11	10	9.5	8.7	8	7.4	6.8	6.3	5.8	5.3
7.4	15	15	15	14	13	12	11	9.8	9	8.3	7.7	7	6.5	6	5.5	5.1	4.7
7.5	13	13	13	12	11	10	9.2	8.5	7.8	7.2	6.6	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.8	4.4	4
7.6	11	11	11	10	9.3	8.6	7.9	7.3	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.2	4.8	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5
7.7	9.6	9.6	9.3	8.6	7.9	7.3	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.2	4.8	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.2	3
7.8	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.2	6.7	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.8	4.4	4	3.7	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.5
7.9	6.8	6.8	6.6	6	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.3	4	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1
8.0	5.6	5.6	5.4	5	4.6	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.3	3	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2	1.9	1.7
8.1	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.2	3	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4
8.2	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2
8.3	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	1
8.4	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8
8.5	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
8.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5
8.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
8.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
8.9	1	1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
9.0	0.88	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

M. The chronic aquatic life criteria for TAN (mg/L) was derived by the EPA (2013) as a thirty-day rolling average concentration of TAN mg/L that shall not be exceeded more than once every three years on average. In addition, the highest four-day average within the 30-day averaging period should not be more than 2.5 times the CCC (e.g., 2.5 x 1.9 mg TAN/L at pH 7 and 20°C, or 4.8 mg TAN/L) more than once in three years on average. The EPA chronic criterion magnitude was derived using the following equation:

Chronic TAN Criterion Magnitude for 30-day average=
$$0.8876 \times \left(\frac{0.0278}{1 + 10^{7.688 - pH}} + \frac{1.1994}{1 + 10^{pH - 7.688}}\right) \times \left(2.126 \times 10^{0.028 \times (20 - MAX(T,7))}\right)$$

T (temperature ${}^{\circ}$ C) and pH are defined as the paired values associated with the TAN sample.

Temperature and pH-Dependent Values of the Chronic TAN Criterion Magnitude.

	Temp	erat	ure ((°C)																				
pН	0-7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	()')	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

_				1		1	1				1	1	1						1	1		1		
6.5	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1	2	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1
6.6	4.8	4.5	4.3	4	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
6.7	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.2	3	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
6.8	4.6	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1	2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1
6.9	4.5	4.2	4	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1
7.0	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1
7.1	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.2	3	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	1
7.2	4	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9
7.3	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.9
7.4	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8
7.5	3.2	3	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7
7.6	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1	2	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
7.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
7.8	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5
7.9	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
8.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
8.1	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
8.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
8.3	1.1	1.1	1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
8.4	1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
8.5	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
8.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4				-	0.3											0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
	0.5		0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4		-		0.3						-				<u> </u>	-	0.1	0.1	0.1
-	0.4		0.4		0.3					0.2		0.2										0.1		0.1
	0.4		-	0.3	0.3					-				<u> </u>	-	-		_			-	0.1	0.1	0.1
7.0	U. I	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	0.5	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	J.2	J.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	J.1	J. 1	J.1	J.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	J.1

[20.6.4.900 NMAC - Rp 20 NMAC 6.1.3100, 10/12/2010; A, 10/11/2002; A, 5/23/2005; A, 7/17/2005; A, 12/1/2010; A, 3/2/2017; A, 4/23/2022; A, 05/22/2025]